



Model Federation using FML



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Semantic interoperability

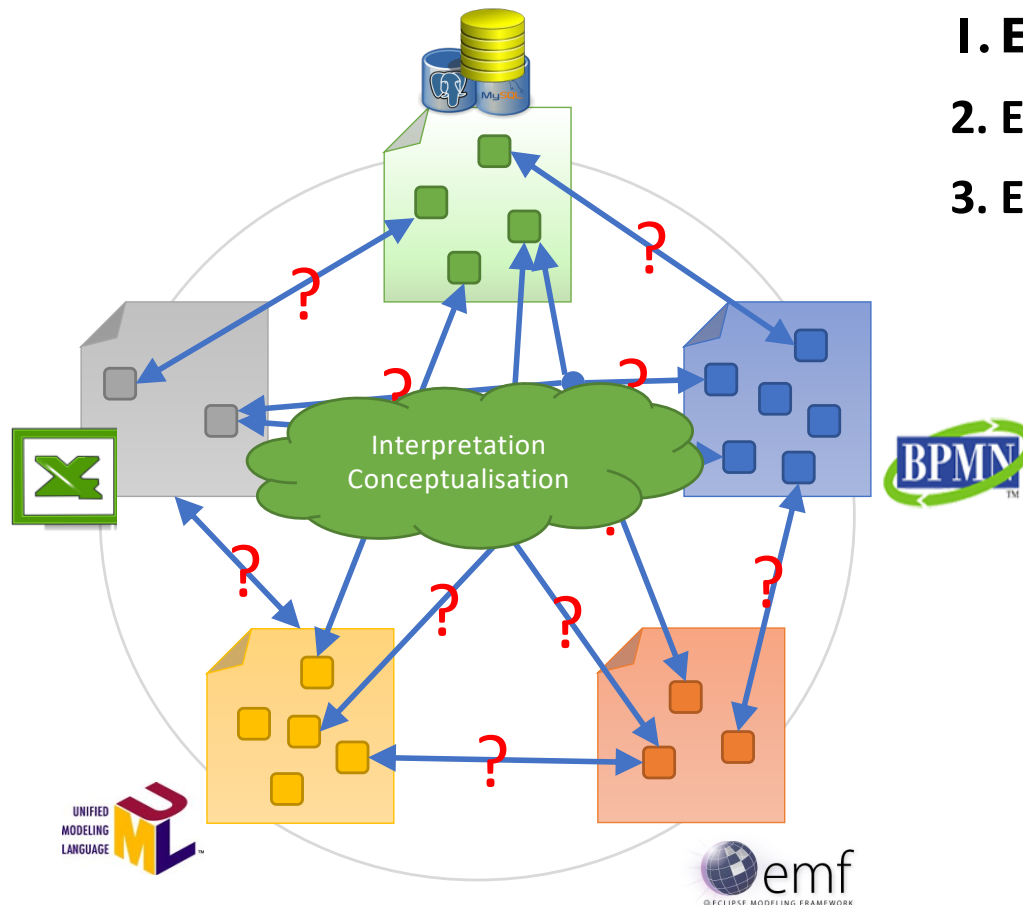
Lots of experts, lots of concerns, lots of practices,
lots of formalisms, lots of models.

How can all these points of view be reconciled?
How do we connect all these models?

Model interoperability: different approaches

- **Integration**
 - Construction of a union, exhaustive and complete metamodel
 - All existing models 'conform' to this metamodel
- **Unification** (pivot + transformations)
 - Selection and/or construction of a pivot metamodel
 - All existing models are transformed to conform to this pivot metamodel
- **Model federation**
 - Definition of links/dependencies between concepts to be federated
 - Organisation of these links as models

Problematic issues and research questions



1. E1 : Heterogeneity

2. E2 : Data (re-) interpretation

3. E3 : Dynamicity

Additional constraints and requirements

C1. Autonomy of the life cycle of federated information sources

C2. Intermittent connectivity

C3. Non-intrusiveness

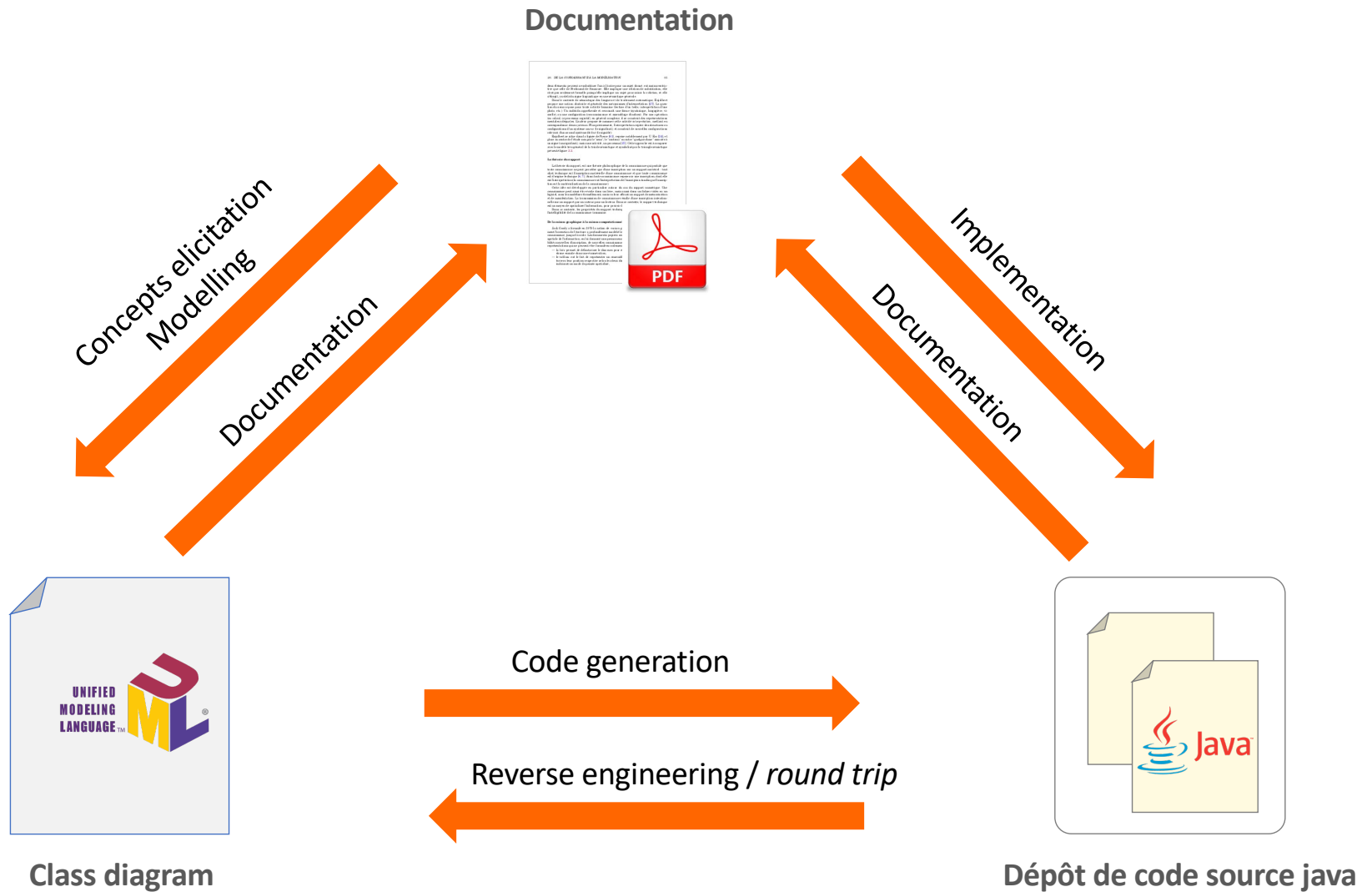
C4. Source of Truth management

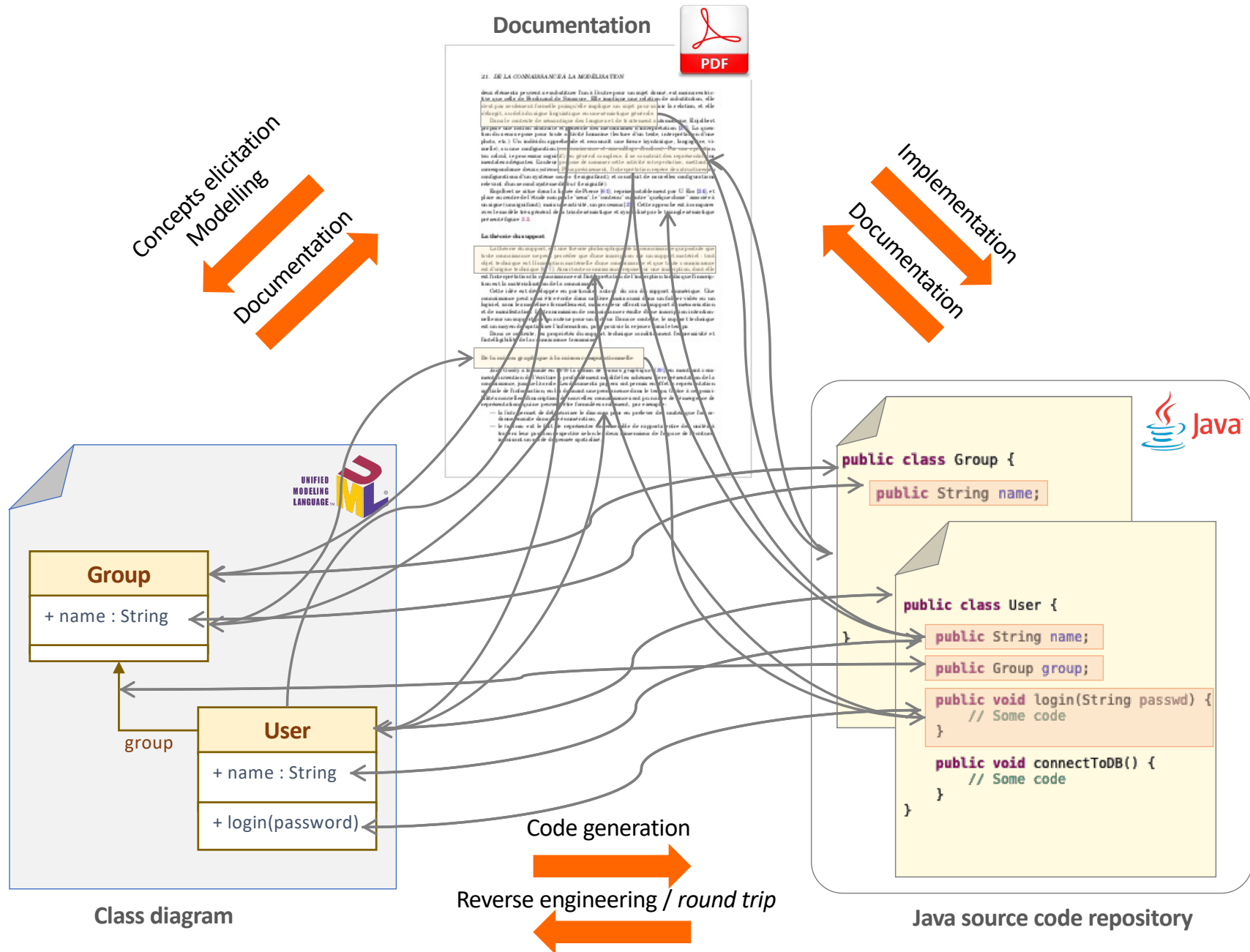
Agenda

1. Introduction, context and research questions
2. Model federation
3. FML (Federation Modelling Language)
4. Openflexo infrastructure
5. Conclusions

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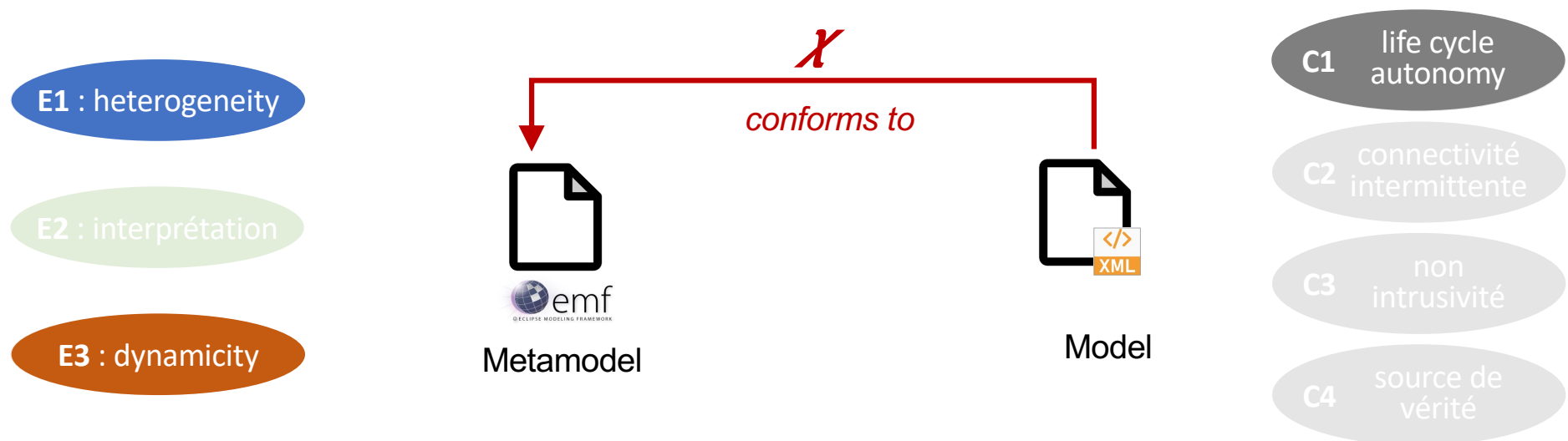
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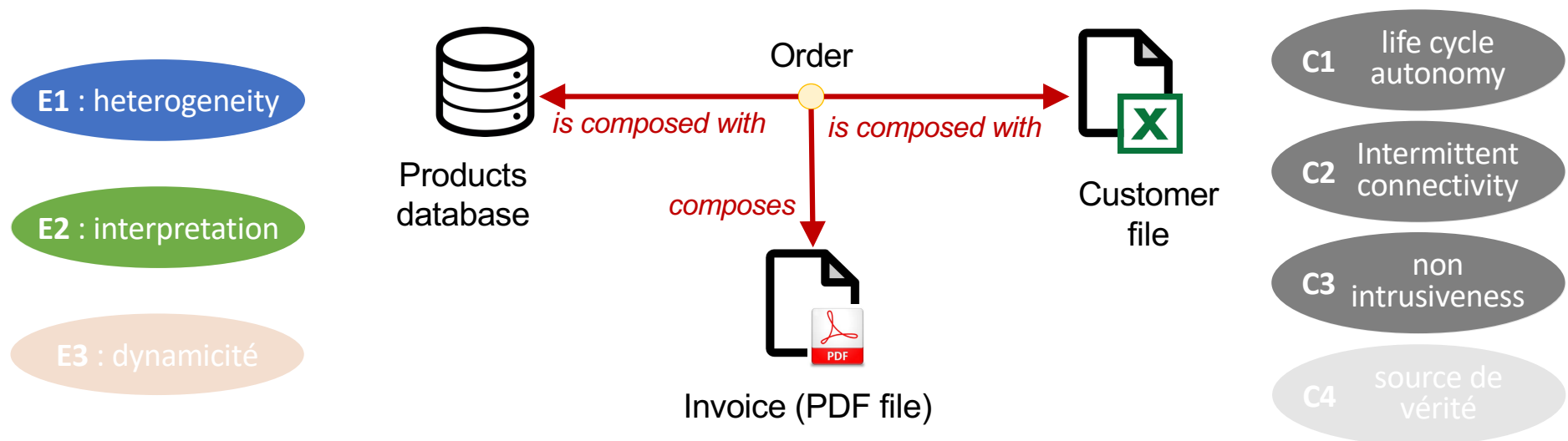
Some other modelling situations...

- Model construction



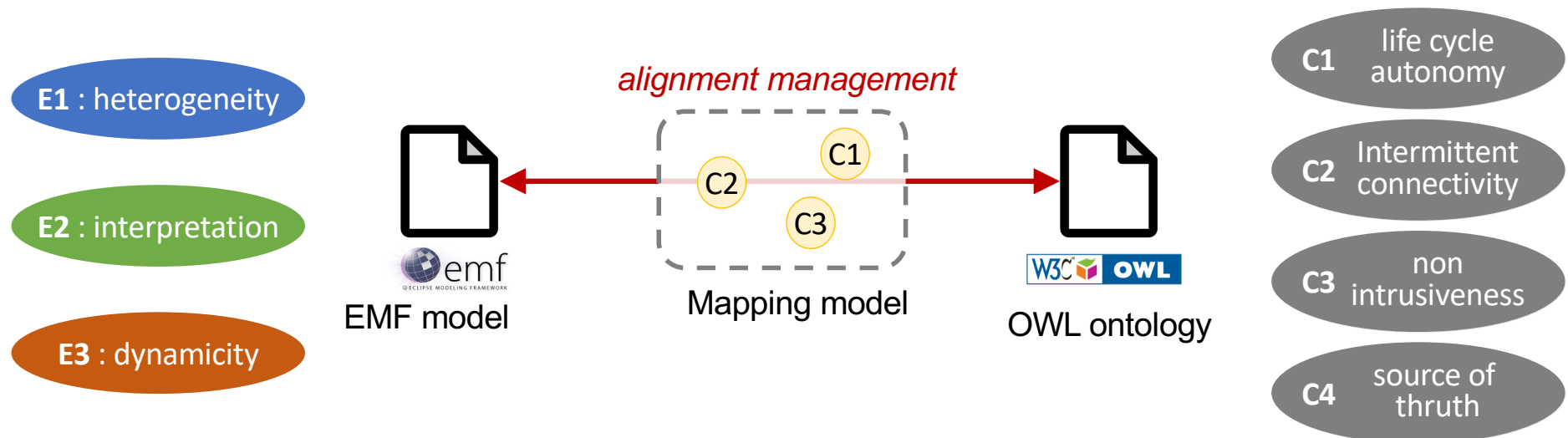
Some other modelling situations...

- Model construction
- Model composition



Some other modelling situations...

- Model construction
- Model composition
- Model mapping



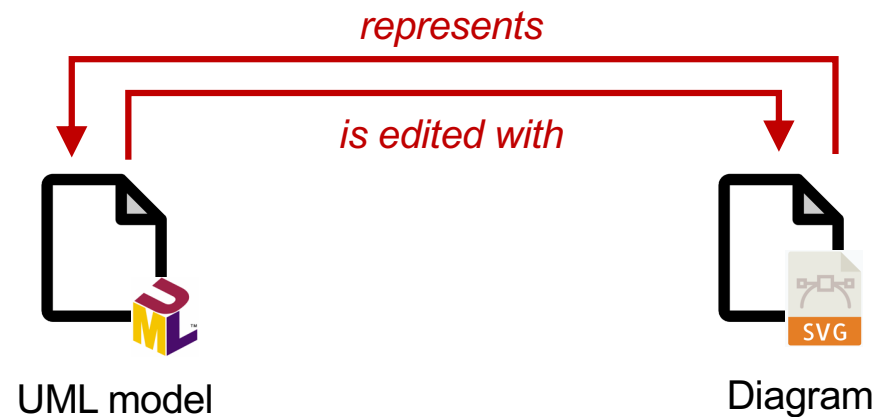
Some other modelling situations...

- Model construction
- Model composition
- Model mapping
- Model edition

E1 : heterogeneity

E2 : interpretation

E3 : dynamicity



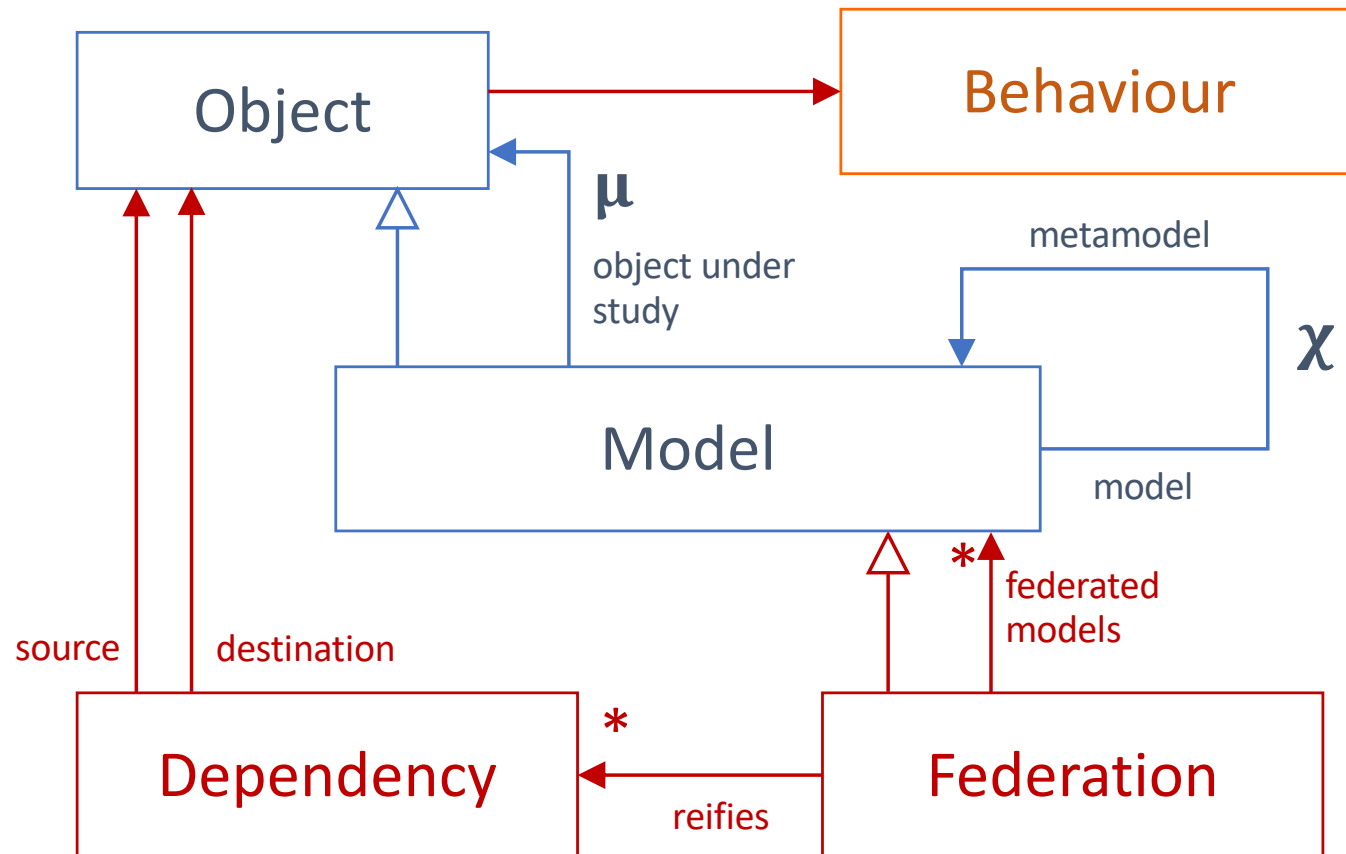
C1 life cycle autonomy

C2 connectivité intermittente

C3 non intrusiveness

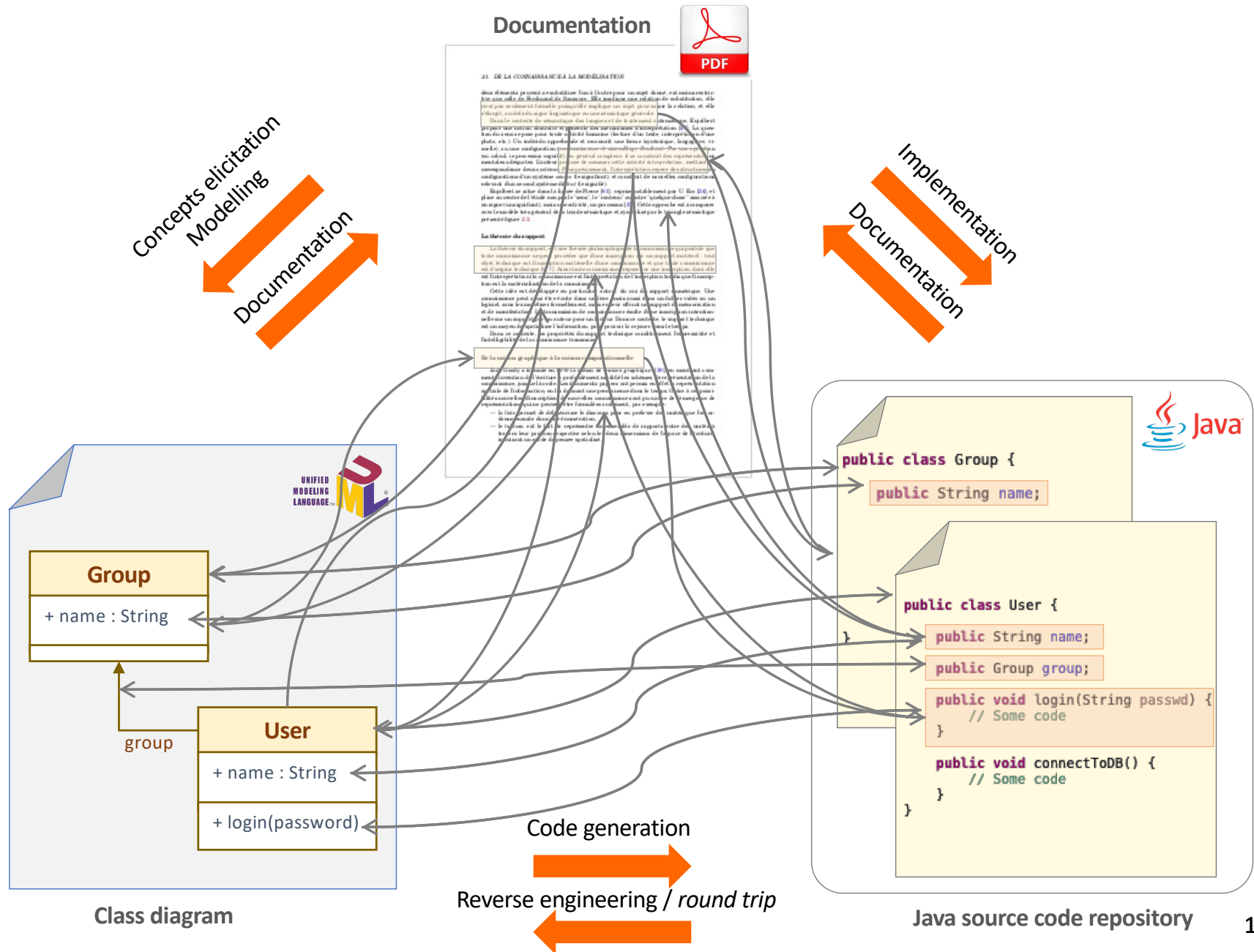
C4 source de vérité

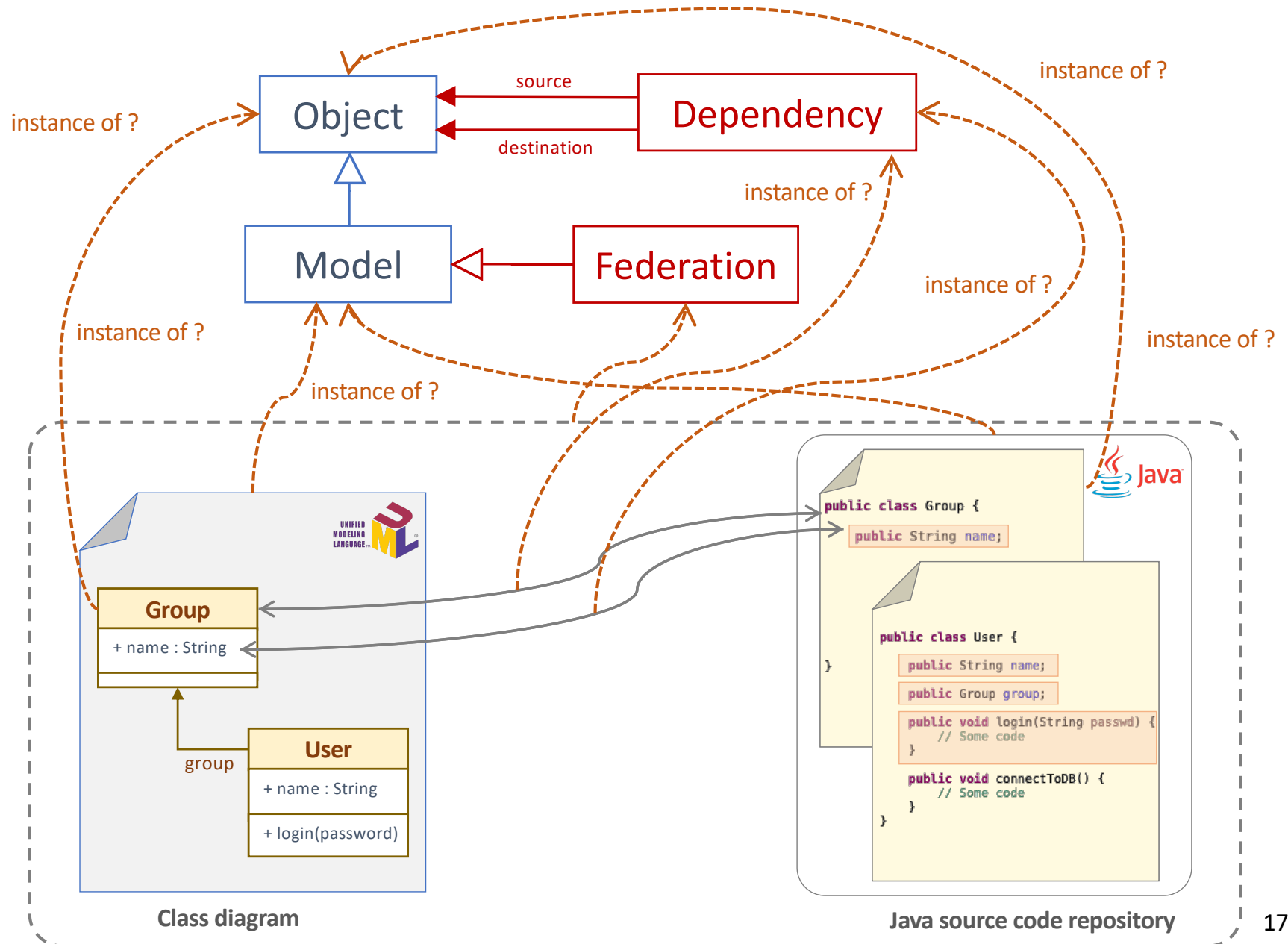
Model federation : a conceptual approach



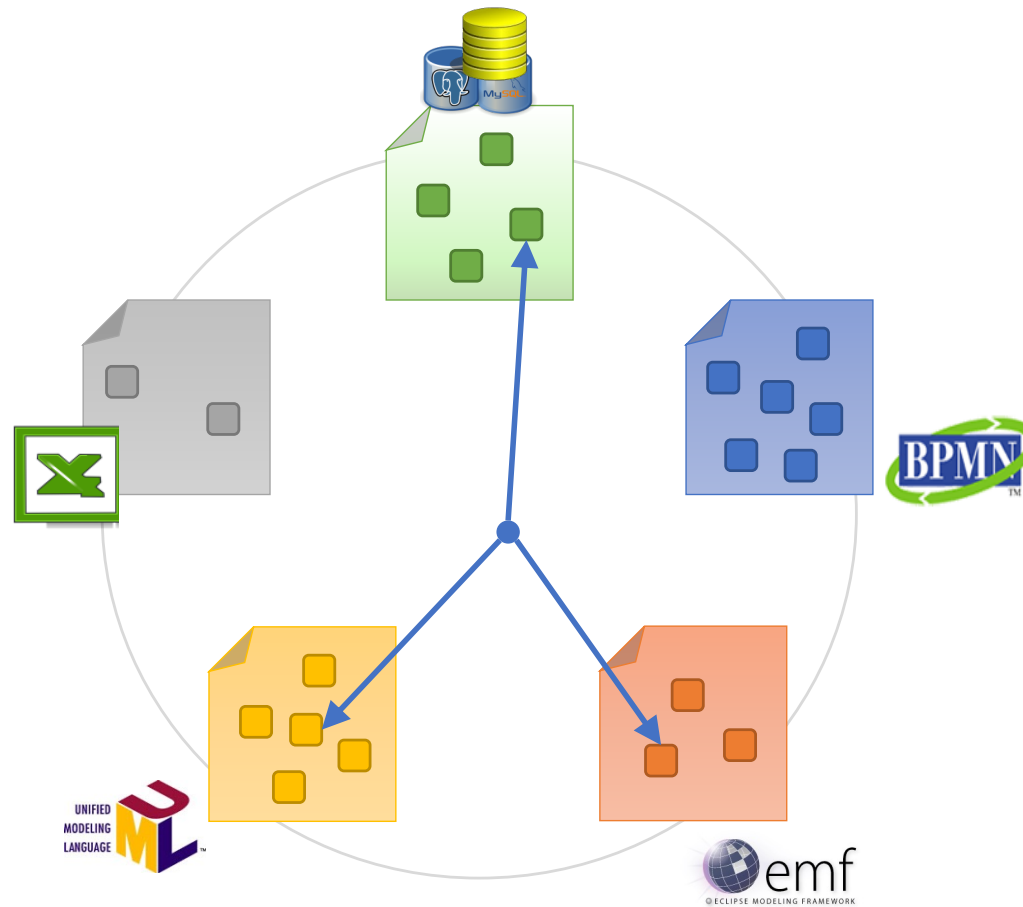
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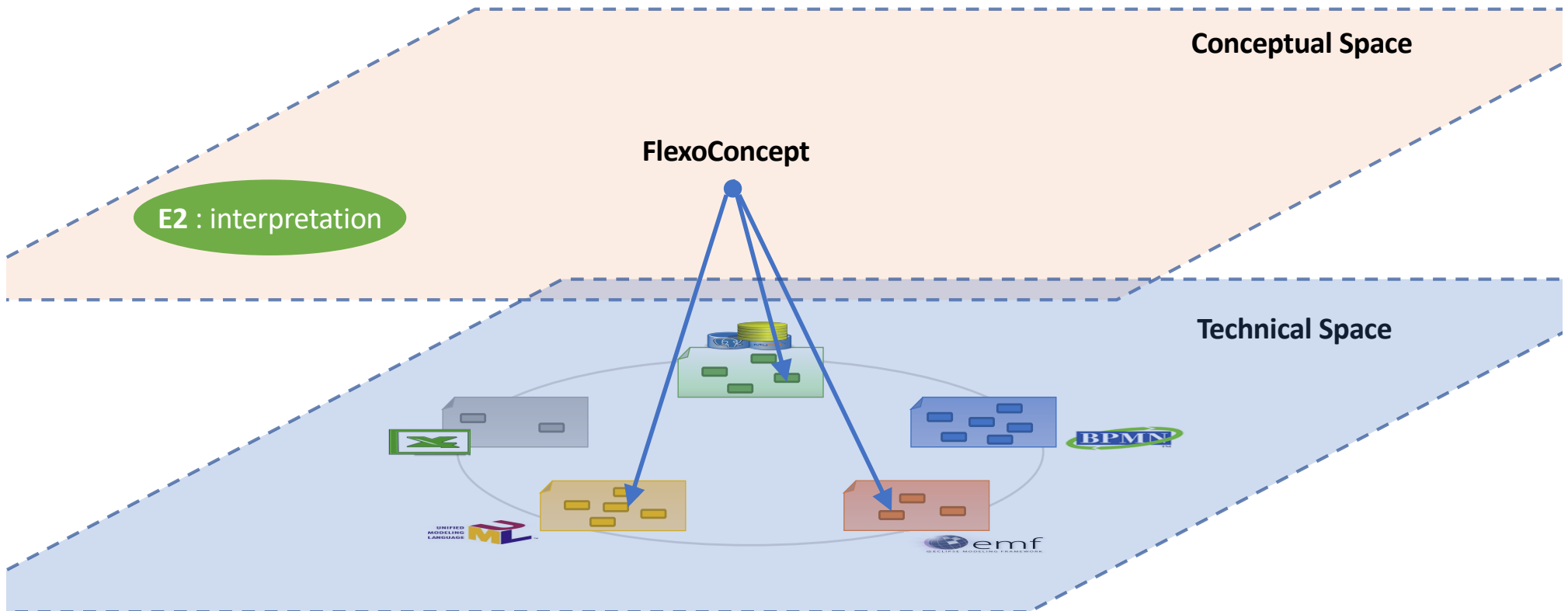




Principles and design choices for FML

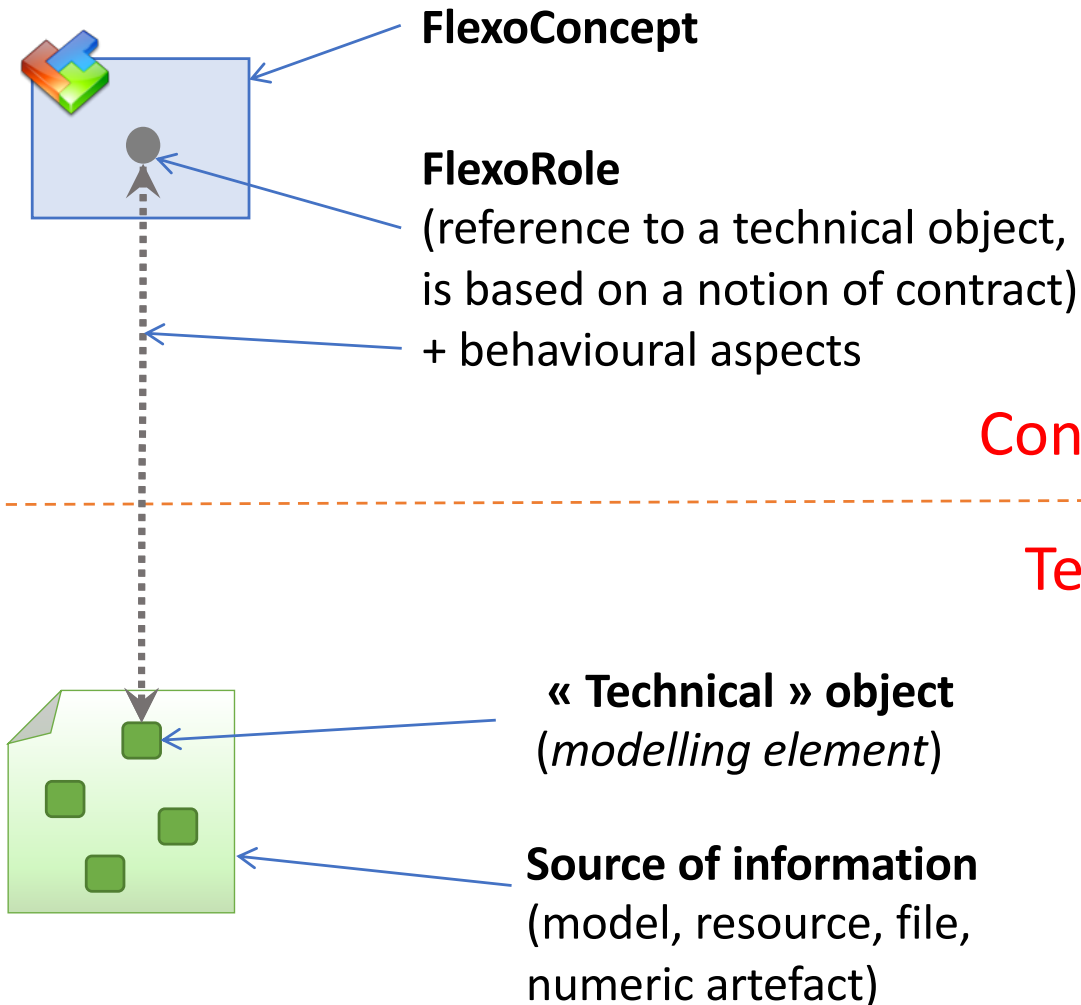


1. Modelling spaces partition



- **Conceptual Space:** carries conceptual semantics
- **Technical Space:** hosts federated models

2. Designation mechanism



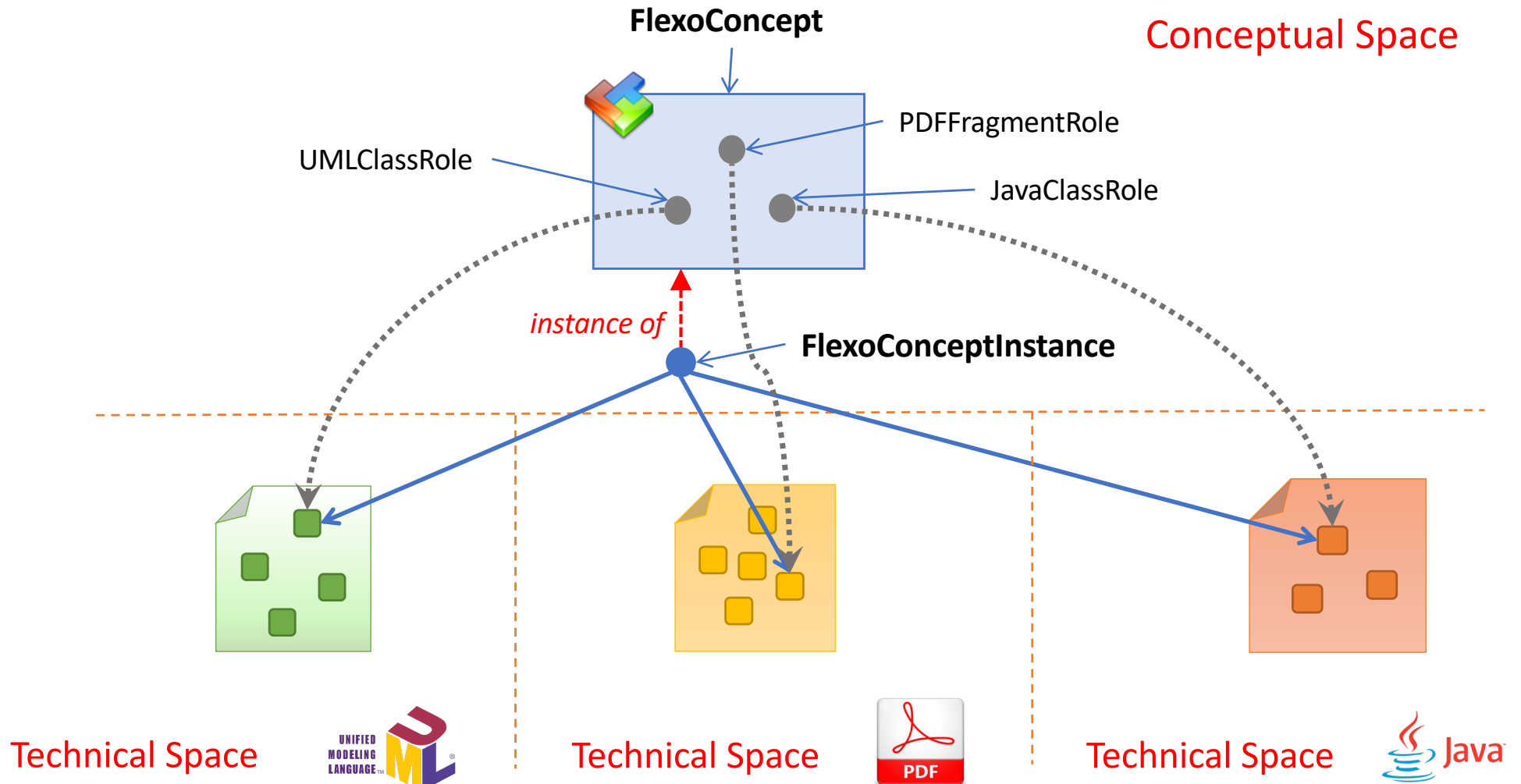
E1 : heterogeneity

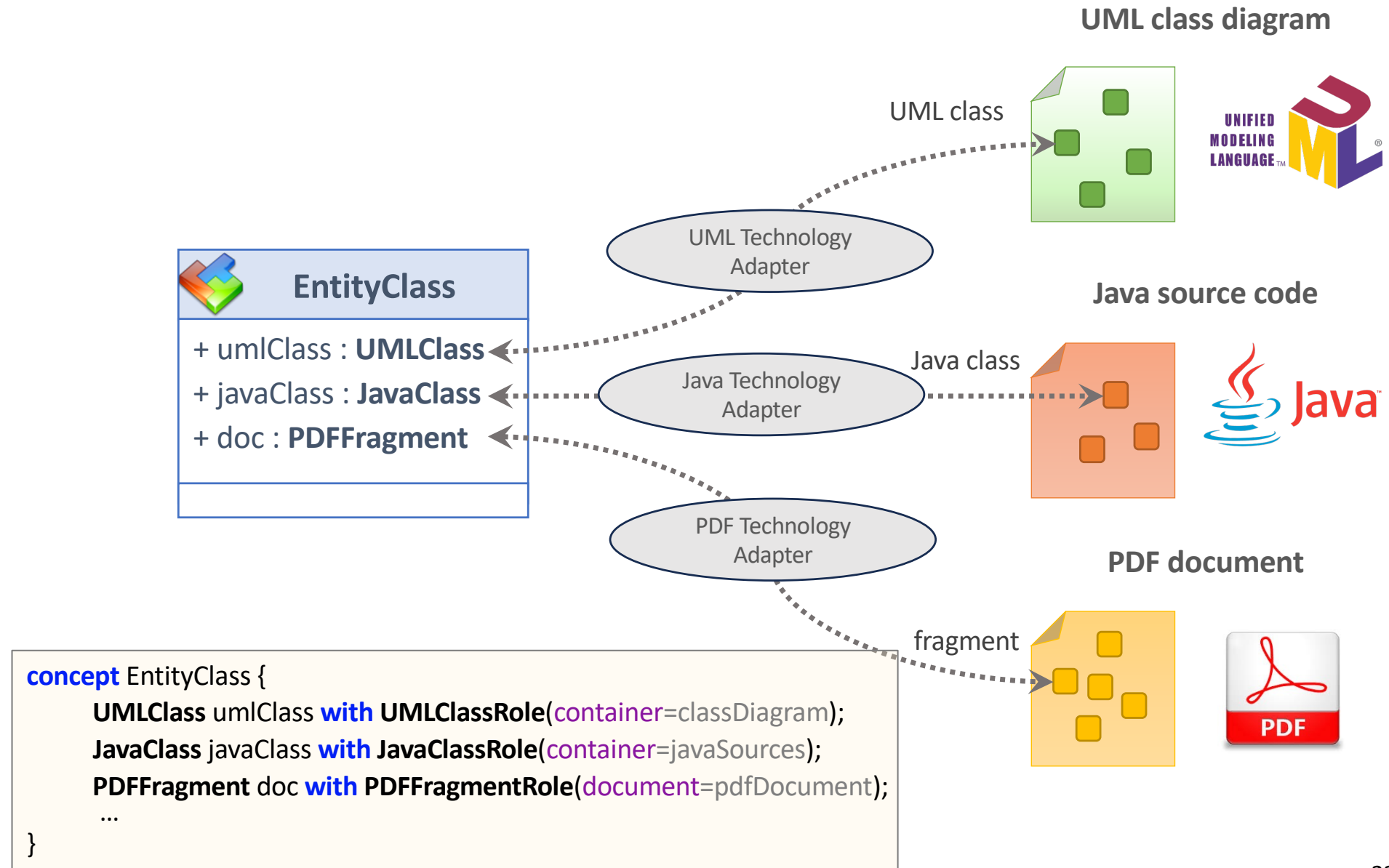
Conceptual Space

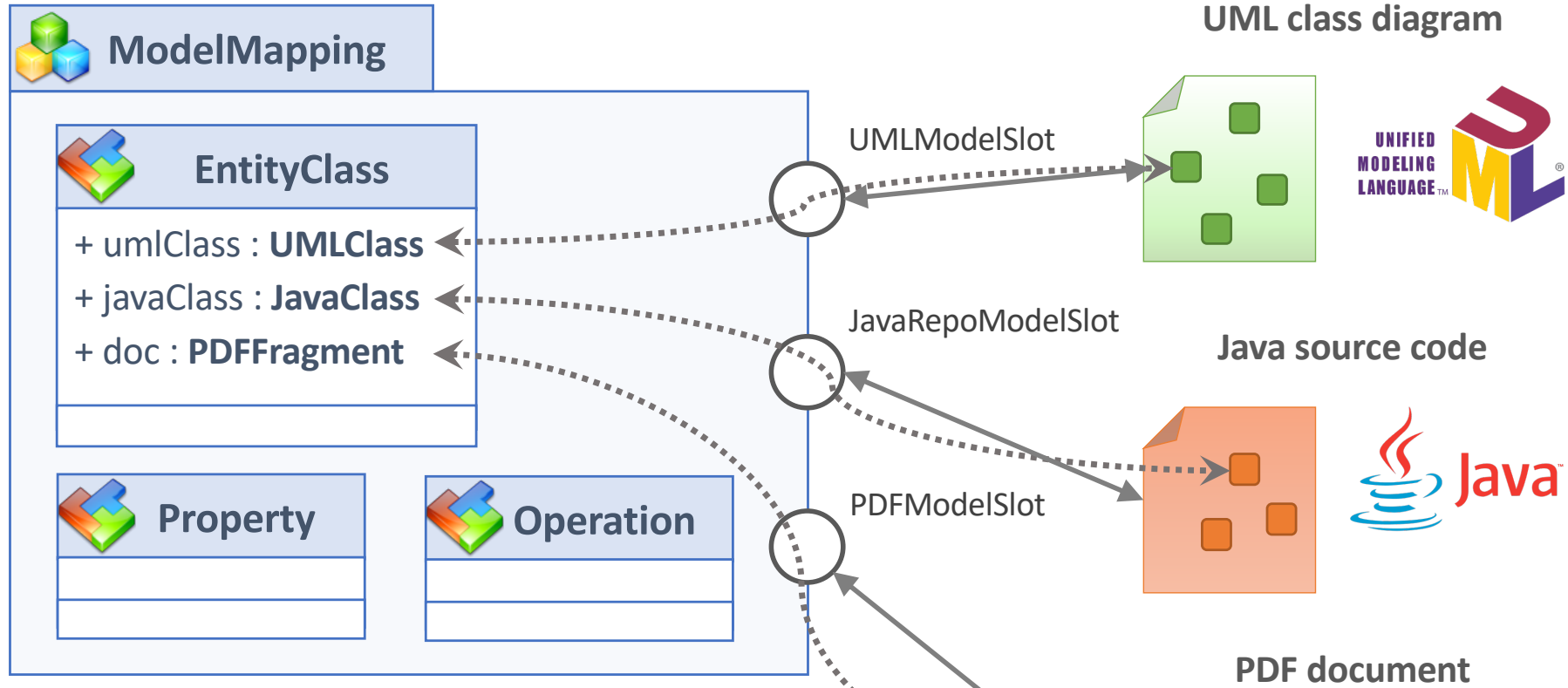
Technical Space



3. Conceptual Space structuration

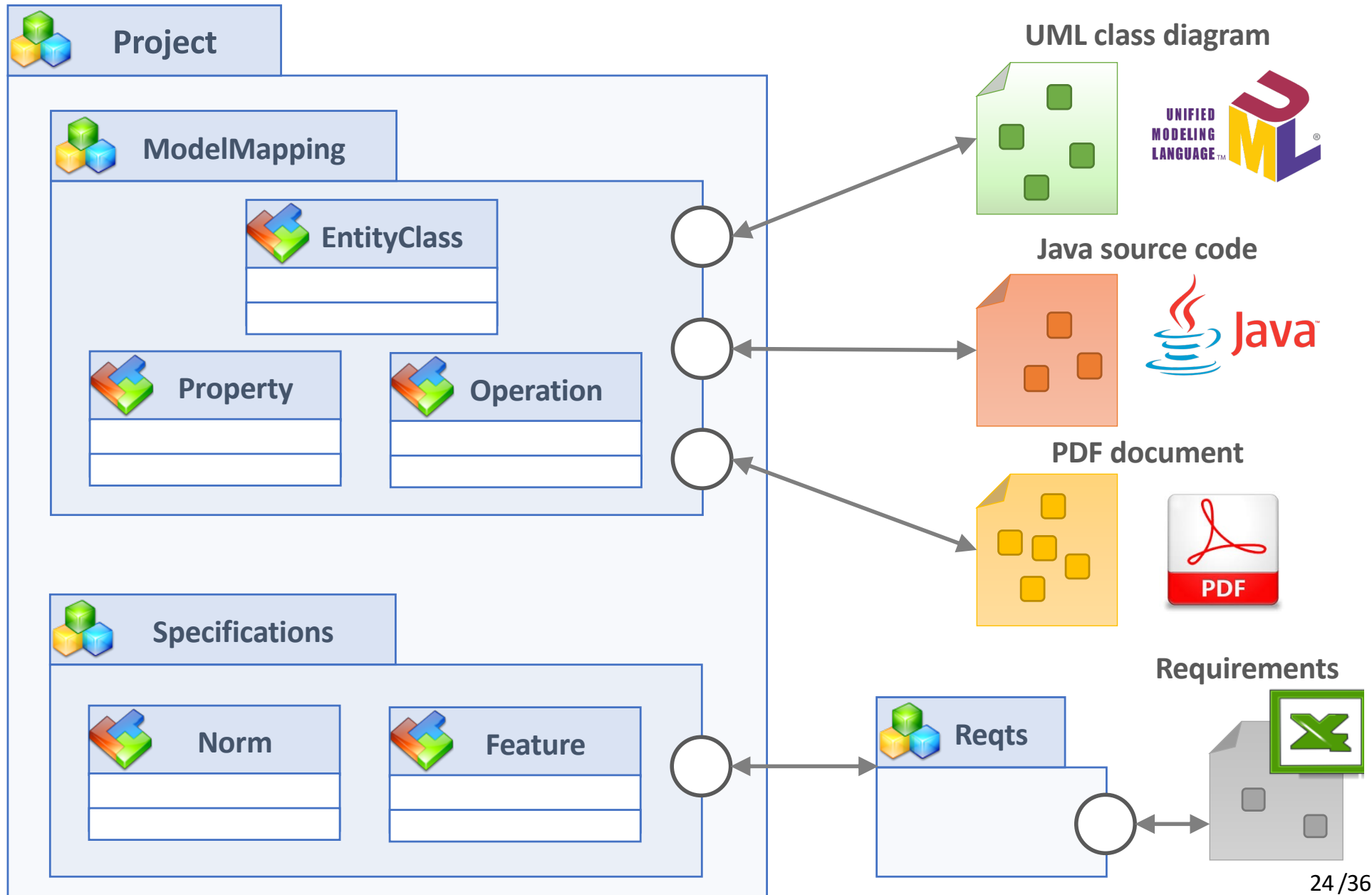




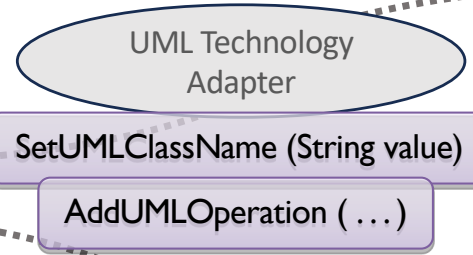
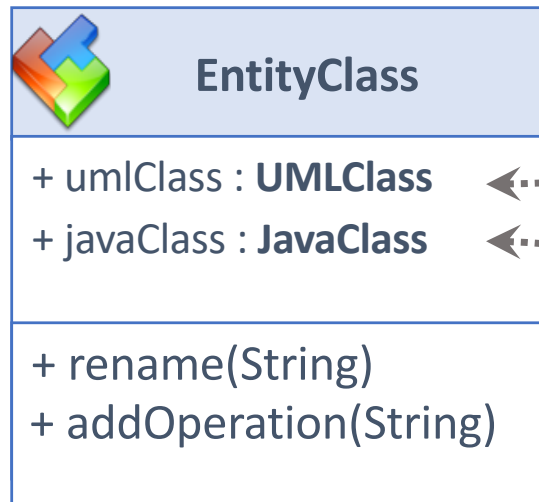


```

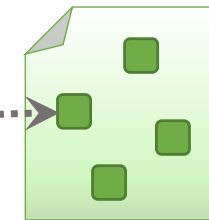
model ModelMapping {
  UMLClassDiagram classDiagram with UMLModelSlot( ... );
  SourceRepository javaSources with JavaRepoModelSlot(jdk="1.7+");
  PDFDocument pdfDocument with PDFModelSlot ( ... );
  concept EntityClass { ... }
  concept Property { ... }
  concept Operation { ... }
}
  
```



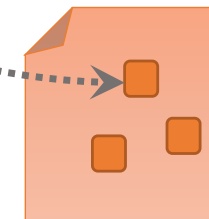
Behavioural aspects



UML class diagram



Java source code

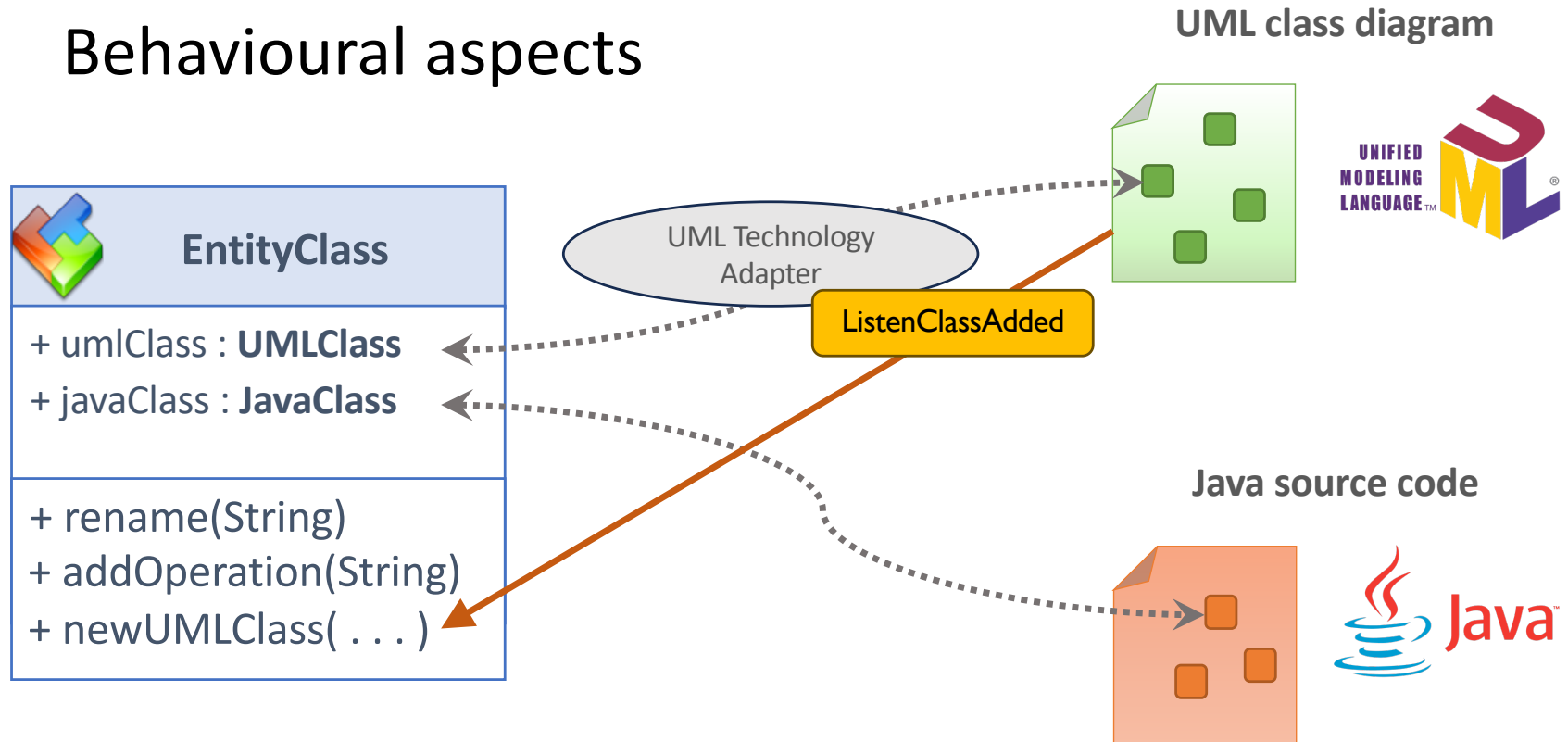


```

concept EntityClass {
    ...
    rename (String newName) {
        UML::SetUMLClassName(newName) in umlClass;
        JAVA::RenameFileName(newName) in javaClass;
    }
}
    
```

E3 : dynamicity

Behavioural aspects



```

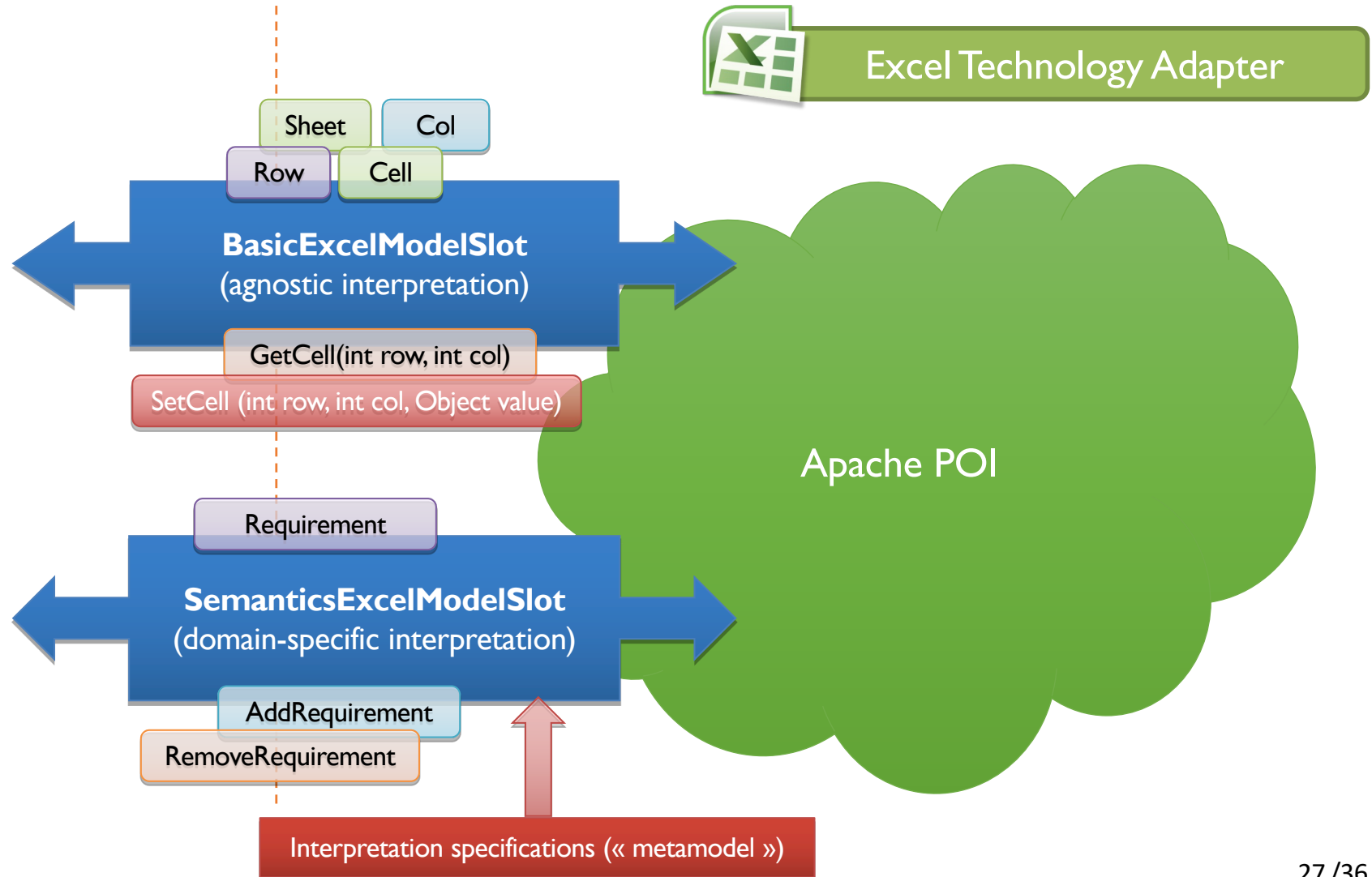
concept EntityClass {
    ...
    newUMLClass (UMLClass newClass)
        with ListenClassAdded(observed=classDiagram) {
            ...
        }
    }
}
    
```

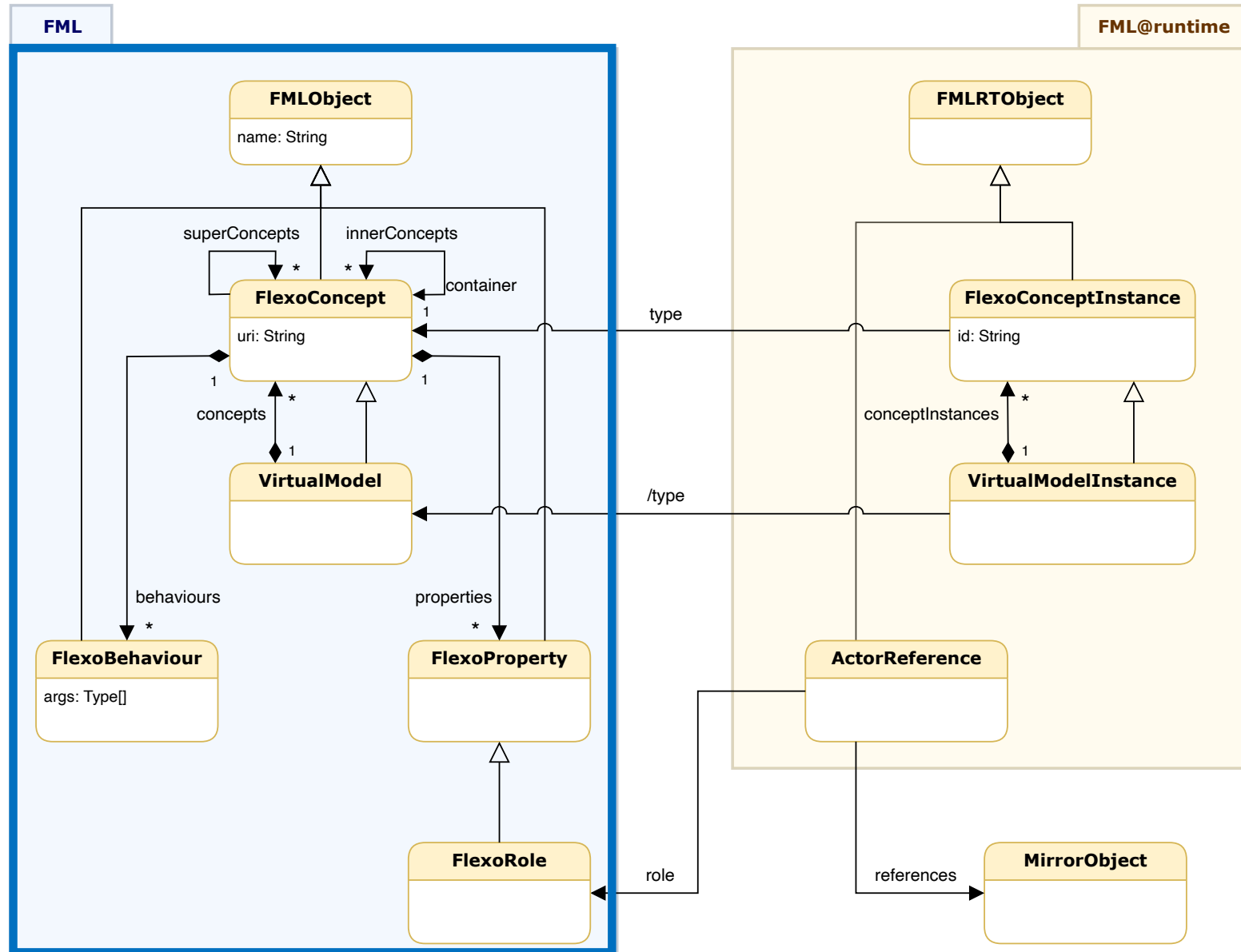
- E3 : dynamicity**
- C1** life cycle autonomy
- C2** intermittent connectivity

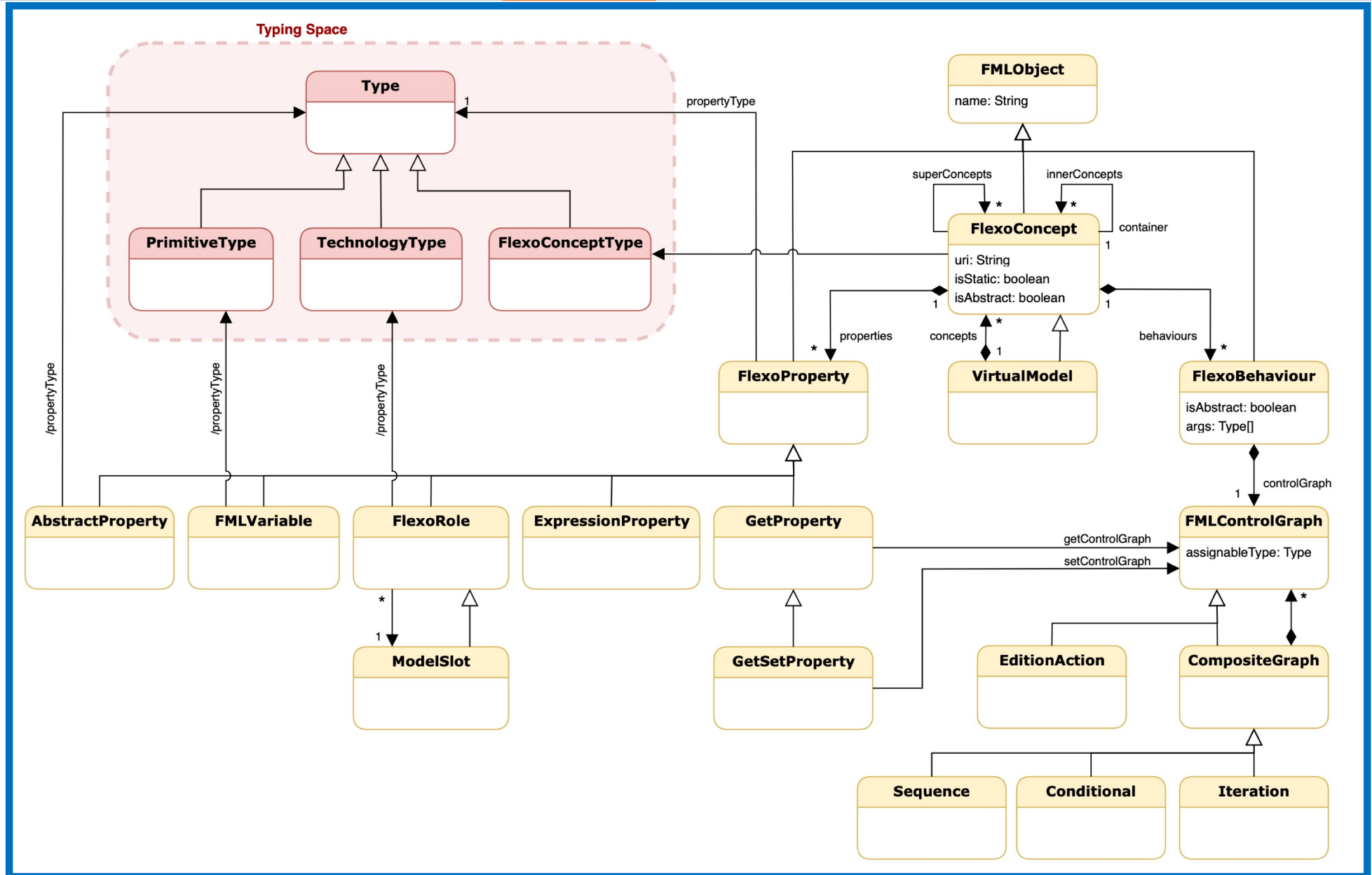
E1 : heterogeneity

Conceptual Space

Technical Space







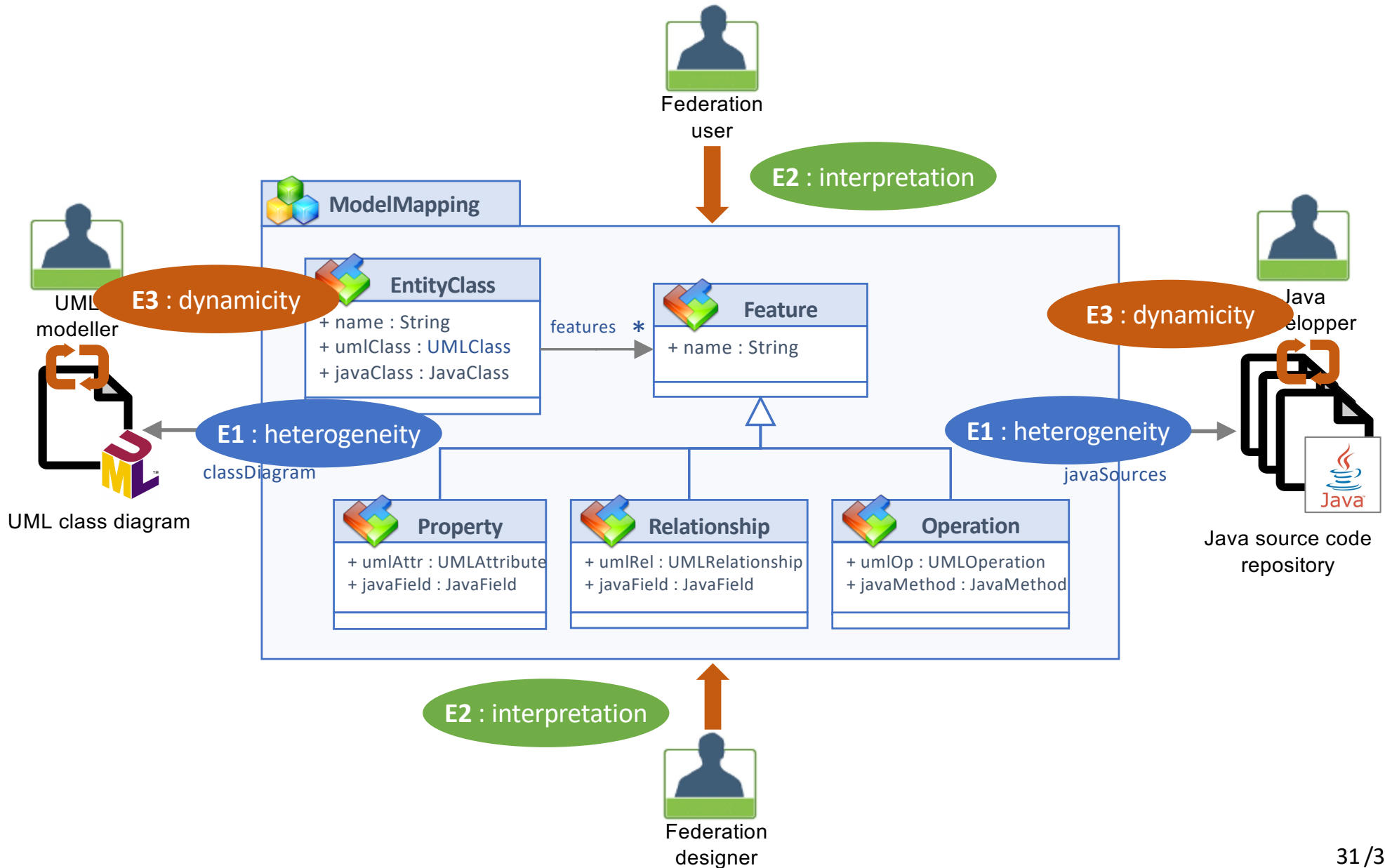
FML language

- Modelling spaces partition
- Designation mechanism, technology adapter
- Conceptual space structuration
 - FlexoConcept / VirtualModel : structure + behaviour
 - Object-oriented approach
 - Types/instances partition (ontological instantiation)
 - Abstraction, genericity, modularity, composability
- Interpreted language
- Imperative language (control structures)
- Static and strong typing, composed type system
- FML/Connie expression language
- Multiples concrete syntaxes (textual and graphical)

E1 : heterogeneity

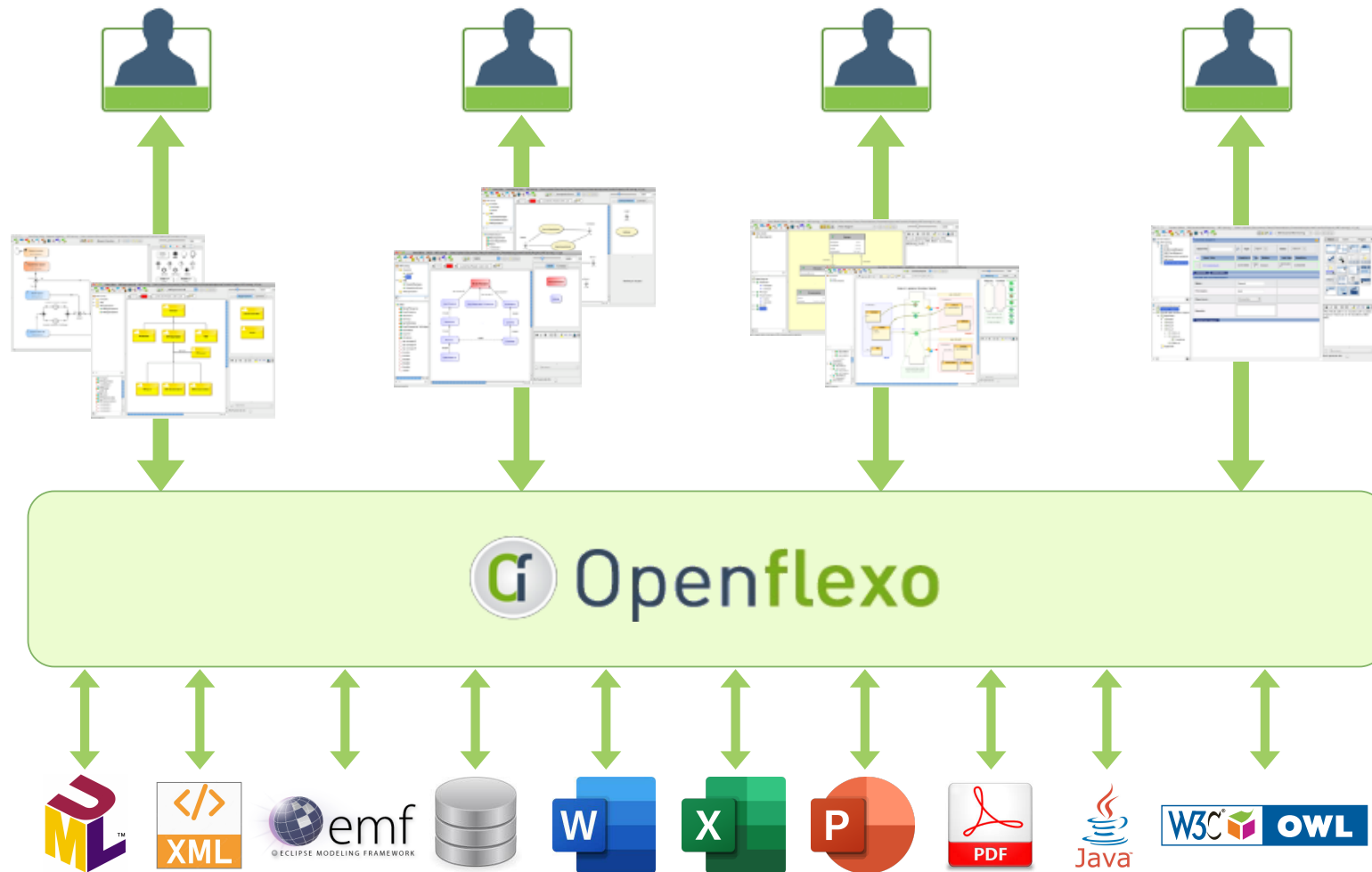
E2 : interpretation

E3 : dynamicity



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Openflexo software infrastructure

- FML language implementation
 - FML integrated development environment (IDE)
 - FML execution environment
 - Dedicated tools (scripting language, terminal, console, debugger, etc.)
- Technology Adapters
 - (EMF, UML, BPMN, OWL, Word, Excel, PowerPoint, XML, JDBC, PDF, Rest, etc.)
- Infrastructure
 - Reusable software components (ex: PAMELA, *Model Oriented Programming*)
 - Graphical tools (Java/Swing technology)
 - Packaged applications (Java/Swing)
 - Openflexo server (web)
 - Reusable technical and business model libraries
- Free software with double licencing EUPL/GPLv3
- <https://github.com/openflexo-team>



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Conclusions and perspectives

- Explanation and conceptualization of the model federation approach
- The FML language
- Openflexo software infrastructure
- Validation on many use cases (research projects and industrial experiments)
- Model federation as enabler of new usages
 - Industry 4.0 and digital twins
 - Reverse engineering of software and systems
 - Co-evolution
 - Model execution
 - Free modelling
 - ...